SAFETY DATA SHEET

Drain Power

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Drain Power
GENERAL USE: Sulfuric Drain Opener
PRODUCT CODE: K10-50060

MANUFACTURER
Ultra-Chem Inc.
8043 Flint
Lenexa, KS 66214
Emergency Phone: 913-492-2929
Customer Service: 800-451-0726
Transportation: 800-535-5053

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS CLASSIFICATIONS
Health:
Skin Corrosion, Category 1 Subcategory 1A
Serious Eye Damage, Category 1

Environmental:
Corrosive to Metals, Category 1

GHS LABEL
This chemical is considered hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

HAZARD STATEMENTS
H290: May be corrosive to metals.
H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
Prevention:
P234: Keep only in original container.
P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P301+P312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage:
P405: Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Wt.%</th>
<th>CAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>&lt; 100</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water.

SKIN: Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

INGESTION: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician or Poison Control Center if you feel unwell.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain, watering, redness

SKIN: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

GENERAL HAZARD: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Sulphur oxides

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Move containers from fire if possible without risk. Cool tightly closed container with water from the side until well after fire is out.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if not water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

LARGE SPILL: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Avoid breathing vapors and provide adequate ventilation. As conditions warrant, wear a
NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus, or respirator, and appropriate personal protection (rubber boots, safety goggles, and heavy rubber gloves).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment as required based on a risk assessment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food or drink. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXPOSURE LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Tightly fitting safety goggles and face shield

SKIN: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

RESPIRATORY: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Wear chemical protective clothing e.g. gloves, aprons, boots. As conditions required.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

ODOR: Typical

ODOR THRESHOLD: No data available

APPEARANCE: Colored Liquid

pH: ~ 1

FLASH POINT AND METHOD: NA = Not Applicable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: 0 to 0

Notes: No data available

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: No data available

VAPOR PRESSURE: No data available

VAPOR DENSITY: No data available

BOILING POINT: (554°F)

FREEZING POINT: (37°F)

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION: No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes
STABILITY: Stable under recommended storage conditions.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: No data available
POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: No data available
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Bases, Halides, Organic materials, Carbides, Fulminates, Nitrates, Picrates, Cyanides, Chlorates, Alkali Halides, Zinc salts, Permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, Hydrogen peroxide, Azides, Perchlorates,, Nitromethane, phosphorous, Reacts violently with:, cyclopentaene oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide, phosphorous(III) oxide, Powdered metals.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE
DERMAL LD$_{50}$: No data available
ORAL LD$_{50}$: 2140 mg/kg ( Rat )
INHALATION LC$_{50}$: No data available
EYE EFFECTS: Causes serious eye damage.
SKIN EFFECTS: Causes severe skin burns.
CARCINOGENICITY
IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by NTP.
OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by OSHA.
Notes: Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, cough, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting, pulmonary edema. Effects may be delayed., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.
CORROSIVITY: Skin corrosion/irritation:
Skin - Rabbit
Results: Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.
Serious eye damage/ eye irritation:
Eyes - Rabbit
Results: Corrosive to eyes
SENSITIZATION: No data available
REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: No data available
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: No data available
MUTAGENICITY: No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: This material has not been tested for acute environmental effects.
ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No data available
BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixing with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Sulfuric acid
PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 8
UN/NA NUMBER: UN1830
PACKING GROUP: II
REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ) UNDER CERCLA: 1000 lbs
LABEL: Corrosive

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

FIRE: No PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

EPCRA SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Wt.%</th>
<th>CAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>&lt; 100</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Wt.%</th>
<th>CERCLA RQ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>&lt; 100</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: KH Date Revised: 6/4/2015

REVISION SUMMARY: This SDS replaces the 6/1/2015 SDS.
MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.