Prepared by: _ MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET N/A=Not Applicable (Prepared According to 29 CFR 1910,1200) Effective Date **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION HMIS Hazardous Materials** Product Name: Chemical Family: **Identification System** De-Ice De-Icer Generic Name: De-Icer Formula: U513 Suppliers Name: Information Phone Number: 913-492-2929 Ultra Chem, Inc. Health Suppliers Address: 8043 Flint Emergency Phone Number: 800-451-0726 Flammability 2 Lenexa, KS 66214 Reactivity 0 Proper Shipping Name: Flammable Liquids, N.O.S., 3, UN1993, PG II (Contains: Isopropanol) **Maximum Personal Protection SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS CHEMICAL NAME** CAS NO. WT.% **CARCINOGEN** PEL TWA-TLV STEL-TLV Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0 < 45 400 ppm 400 ppm 500 ppm No Propylene Glycol 57-55-6 < 35 No Info No Info No Info No This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section CAS# Chemical Name Percent by Weight 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of CFR 372: **SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA** SECTION 4 -FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA Boiling Range (°F): 180 - 374° Specific Gravity: $.960 \pm .005$ Flash Point (Method Used): 75° (SETA) Vapor Pressure: Heavier than Air Upper Explosive Limit: Lower Explosive Limit: 1.00mm/Ha @ 70°F Vapor Density: Extinguishing Media: % Volatile: 99 pH: 8.5 ± 0.5 Dry Chemical, Foam, CO2 Solubility in Water: Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Full Bunker Gear and Full Face SCBA Complete **Evaporation Rate:** Physical Description: Clear Liquid, Alcohol Odor. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back... SECTION 6 - STORAGE AND HANDLING INFORMATION SECTION 5 - REACTIVITY DATA Stability: Stable Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storage: Keep out of reach of children. Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur. Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): Strong Oxidizers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Hazardous Decomposition Products: CO, CO2 Store away from oxidizers. For Trained Industrial and Institutional Personnel only. SECTION 7 - HEALTH HAZARDS AND FIRST AID Effects of Overexposure: First Aid Procedures: Primary Route of Entry: May cause minimal irritation. Prolonged contact may cause allergic Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing. reaction and skin damage. Eyes: May cause irritation, redness and eye damage. Eyes: Flush with water for 15 minutes while lifting eyelids to assure complete removal. Get medical attention. Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Inhalation: May cause irritation, headaches.

Ingestion: May cause irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Get medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, dilute stomach contents by drinking water.

Call a physician immediately.

SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH/OSHA approved respirators for materials in

section 2 when ventilation is restricted.

Rubber gloves.

Ventilation:

Adequate ventilation is required to minimize exposure or to maintain

exposure levels below OSHA/ACGIH requirements.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or chemical goggles.

Other Protective Equipment: Clean protective clothing.

Protective Gloves:

SECTION 9 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled:

Wear appropriate protective and respiratory equipment.

Prevent spills from entering sewers or any unauthorized water systems.

Waste Disposal Method:

Dispose in accordance with appropriate Federal, State and Local regulations.